BEFORE THE TAX COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF IDAHO

In the Matter of the Protest of)	
)	DOCKET NO. 18310
[Redacted],)	
)	DECISION
Petition	er.)	
)	

This case arises from a timely protest of a State Tax Commission staff (staff) decision adjusting the property tax reduction benefit for 2004. This matter was submitted for decision based on the documents in the file. The State Tax Commission has reviewed the file and makes its decision thereon.

[Redacted] (petitioner) filed an application for the property reduction benefit for 2004 on or about February 3, 2004. Pursuant to Idaho Code, the staff routinely audits the applications that have been submitted to the county where the petitioners live.

The staff examined property records on file with [Redacted] County and found the petitioner was not shown as owner of the property for which the property tax reduction benefit was requested. However, the records did include a "Manufactured Home Summary Report" that stated the owner had purchased the home on behalf of the petitioner because the petitioner could not qualify for a loan.

Because there appeared to be no purchase agreement or other document that would establish the petitioner was purchasing the home or had an ownership interest in the home, the staff sent the petitioner a letter advising her of the intent to deny her benefit. The petitioner filed a protest and her file was transferred to the Legal/Tax Policy Division for administrative review.

Decision - 1 [Redacted]

Idaho Code § 63-701 describes the conditions that must exist for an applicant to qualify to receive property tax reduction benefits. The pertinent parts of Idaho Code § 63-701 state:

63-701. DEFINITIONS. As used in this chapter:

- (1) "Claimant" means a person who has filed a claim under the provisions of sections 63-701 through 63-710, Idaho Code. Except as provided in section 63-702(2), Idaho Code, on January 1 of the year or before April 15 in which the claim was filed a claimant must be an owner of a homestead and be:
- (7) "Owner" means a person holding title in fee simple or holding a certificate of motor vehicle title (either of which may be subject to mortgage, deed of trust or other lien) or who has retained or been granted a life estate or who is a person entitled to file a claim under section 63-702, Idaho Code. "Owner" shall also include any person who:
- (a) Is the beneficiary of a revocable or irrevocable trust which is the owner of such homestead and under which the claimant or the claimant's spouse has the primary right of occupancy of the homestead; or
- (b) Is a partner of a limited partnership, member of a limited liability company or shareholder of a corporation if such entity holds title in fee simple or holds a certificate of motor vehicle title and if the person holds at least a five percent (5%) ownership in such entity, as determined by the county assessor; or
- (c) Has retained or been granted a life estate. "Owner" includes a vendee in possession under a land sale contract. Any partial ownership shall be considered as ownership for determining initial qualification for property tax reduction benefits; however, the amount of property tax reduction under section 63-704, Idaho Code, and rules promulgated pursuant to section 63-705, Idaho Code, shall be computed on the value of the claimant's partial ownership. "Partial ownership," for the purposes of this section, means any one (1) person's ownership when property is owned by more than one (1) person or where the homestead is held by an entity, as set forth in this subsection, but more than one (1) person has the right of occupancy of such homestead. A person holding either partial title in fee simple or holding a certificate of motor vehicle title together with another person but who does not occupy the dwelling as his primary dwelling place, shall not be considered an owner for purposes of this section, if such person is a cosignatory of a note secured by the dwelling in question and at least one (1) of the other cosignatories of the note occupies the dwelling as his primary dwelling place. The combined

community property interests of both spouses shall not be considered partial ownership so long as the combined community property interests constitute the entire ownership of the homestead, including where the spouses are occupying a homestead owned by an entity, as set forth in this subsection, and the spouses have the primary right of occupancy of the homestead. The proportional reduction required under this subsection shall not apply to community property interests. Where title to property is held by a person who has died without timely filing a claim for property tax reduction, the estate of the deceased person shall be the "owner," provided that the time periods during which the deceased person held such title shall be attributed to the estate for the computation of any time periods under subsection (8)(a) or (8)(b) of this section. (Emphasis added.)

The property tax reduction benefit program is a benefit for certain individuals based on their qualifications as defined in Idaho law. One of the specific requirements for consideration to receive the benefits is to own a homestead before April 15 of the year in which the claim was filed. The owner of the property is then described in detail to identify who will be considered owner for property tax reduction benefit purposes.

During the appeal process, the petitioner delivered a copy of an Agreement wherein the petitioner is shown as the buyer and the person shown as owner in the title to the property is shown as the seller of the property in question. That Agreement was signed on September 21, 2004, and recorded in [Redacted] County on September 30, 2004.

Unfortunately, the petitioner did not have an ownership interest in the property until after April 15, 2004. Therefore, the petitioner must be denied the property tax reduction benefit for 2004.

The Tax Commission is aware there is some potential this decision could cause a hardship to the property tax reduction applicant in certain circumstances. The proper jurisdiction to handle such hardship situations falls with the [Redacted] County Commissioners.

WHEREFORE, the Intent to	Deny Property Tax Reduction Benefit letter issued on
September 9, 2004, is hereby APPRO	VED, AFFIRMED, and MADE FINAL.
An explanation of the taxpayer	's right to appeal this decision is included with this decision.
DATED this day of	, 2004.
	IDAHO STATE TAX COMMISSION
	COMMISSIONER
	COMMISSIONER
CERT	TIFICATE OF SERVICE
	day of, 2004, a copy of the within by sending the same by United States mail, postage prepaid,
[Redacted] [Redacted] [Redacted]	[Redacted]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]